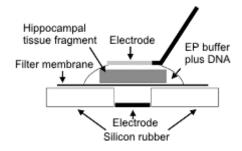
[Brain Slice] Electroporation-mediated gene transfer system applied to cultured CNS neurons



Schematic representation of an electroporation set-up.

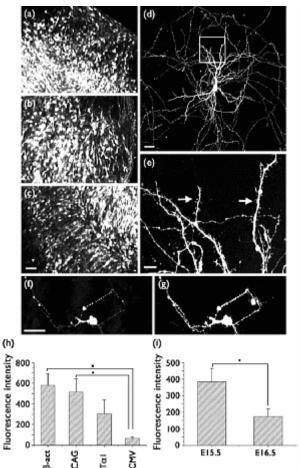
A fragment of the mouse embryonic hippocampus was placed on a Millipore membrane filter and 5µl EP buffer containing 1mg/ml of plasmid DNA was applied onto the tissue.

A tungsten needle was attached to the surface of a droplet.

After application of square pulses the tissue fragment was returned to a petri dish containing ice-cold HBSS solution.

Electroporation-mediated expression of fluorescent proteins in hippocampal neurons.

- (a-c) Organ culture of hippocampal tissue fragments three days after electroporation with CAG-eGFP (a), Tα1X4 -eGFP (b), and β-actin-eGFP (c) expression constructs.
- (d, e) A mature hippocampal neuron maintained 14 days in dissociated culture after electroporation of a β -actin-eGFP expression construct. Higher magni¢cation view of the region marked by a rectangle in (d) reveals dendritic spines on the surface of dendritic shafts (arrows in e).
- (f, g) A hippocampal neuron 7 days after electroporation of 1:1 mixture of Tα 1X4-eGFP and Tα1X4-mRFP1. Both eGFP fluorescence (f) and mRFP1 fluorescence (g) can be observed in a single cell.
- (h) Relative fluorescence intensity of hippocampal tissue fragments after electroporation of eGFP-expression plasmids with four different promoter sequences. The tissue fragments were maintained in culture for 4 days, fixed and observed under a confocal microscope. Fluorescence intensities per unit area of the tissue fragments were determined.
- (i) 2Relative fluorescence intensity of hippocampal tissue fragments isolated at two different developmental stages and electroporated with β-actin-eGFP. Tissue fragments were maintained for 4 days in culture and subsequently fixed. Fluorescence intensities were measured using a confocal microscope.



Bars =
$$50_{\mu}$$
m (a-d, f, g); 10_{μ} m (e).

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*Neuroreport, Volume 15, Issue 6, Pages 971-975, April 29, 2004

[Brain] Electroporation-mediated gene transfer in the adult rat brain

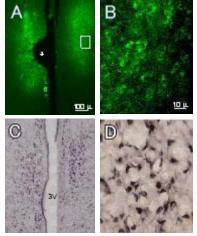


Figure A: EGFP expression in the medial preoptic nuclei of a female rat examined 4 days after bilateral electroporation at 10 weeks of age. (An asterisk indicates the trace of the positioning of the electrode)

Figure B: EGFP-positive cells (high magnification of Fig. A using a 60x objective lens). EGFP fluorescent signals are observed in the perikarya.

Figure C: Estrogen receptor αimmunoreactivity in the medial preoptic nuclei and the periventricular nuclei of an adult female rat. 3V: third ventricle

Figure D: Estrogen receptor α -positive cells (high magnification of Fig. C using a 60x objective lens). Estrogen receptor α immunoreactivity is prominent in the nuclei.

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